

**IN THIS LESSON YOU WILL LEARN WHAT IS THE STAFF AND THE TREBLE CLEF.  
ALSO YOU WILL LEARN HOW TO READ MUSIC NOTES PLACED ON A TREBLE  
CLEF STAFF**

## ACTIVITY 1

### EXPLANATION AND DICTATION

- The **staff** is used to place the music notes in written form. It is made of 5 parallel lines and 4 spaces. Lines and spaces are numbered from the bottom to the top.
- The **treble clef** or **G clef** is a sign placed at the beginning of the staff. It is used to locate the note G. The line where the treble clef is initially drawn is the line where the note G is placed. Usually this is on the second line. Once the G is placed on the second line all the other notes can be deduced from this G.
- The **notes** placed on the staff represent music sounds. The notes are seven and are named with the letters: A, B, C, D, E, F, G.

### ACTIVITY FOR THE CLASSROOM

Carry out the following activities in your notebook:

1. Copy the dictation or make a diagram of it.
2. Draw the treble clef 5 times on a staff.
3. ¿Which one is the first line of the staff? Mark it with an arrow.
4. ¿Which one is the fourth space? Mark it with an arrow.
5. ¿In which line the note G is usually placed?
6. Place the note G on the staff and name it.
7. Download the SOLFEADOR app to your Android mobile should you have one. If you don't, you should find an interactive web to learn the notes.
8. Learn the notes till level 5.
9. Record the dictation to your mobile phone should you have one.
10. Underline all the words you do not understand, fill the vocabulary below and find their meaning in a dictionary.

### FILL IN THE VOCABULARY

NAMES	VERBS	OTHER